

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS AUSTIN

GERALD C. MANN ATTORNEY GENERAL

> Econorable H. M. Wilder County Attorney Live Cak County Coorge West, Texas

Dear Bir:

Opinion Mo. 0-3268
Re: Whether school children
residing in sounty line district
of oounty (such district not
being under the control of that
sounty) should be obsidered in
determining salary of the county
school superintendent.

This will acknowledge your letter of March 14, 1941, requesting the opinion of this department as to whether or not school children residing in a county line school district controlled by a county other than that of their residence should be considered in determining the salary of the county school superintendent of the county where they reside. We appreciate receiving your opinion and supporting brief.

Vernon's Annotabed Civil Editutes, read, in part, as follows:

"The county superintendent(s) shall receive from the available school fund of their respective counties amount salaries based on the scholastic population of such counties, as follows:"

population of the county. The salary is not to be determined by the number of school districts in the county nor the population of those school districts under the county for the county superintendent. The only basis is the number of scholastics resident in a sounty.

Honorable H. M. Wilder, page 2

As you pointed out in your brief, Article 2318 of the Revised Givil Statutes, provides the method of taking the schoolastic census of county line school districts and there is provided for a separate enumeration of the scholastics in each county of a county line school district.

In Austin Independent School District v. Earrs, (Com. App., 1931) 41 S.W. (2d) 9, the question was whether or not an independent school district of a county was required to contribute to the salary of a county school superintendent, such superintendent having no control over the affairs of the district. The court held that it was, saying:

public schools of every school district in a given county are now, and were when the set of 1930 was passed, the immediate beneficiaries of various duties which the county superintendent is required to perform in the promotion of public school affairs throughout the county. For instance, of those duties imposed spon him by law which relate: (1) To the apportionment of the income arising from the county available school fund; (3) to the transfer of pupils from one school district to another; (5) to the matter of scholastic census; and (4) to the examination of applicants for teachers' certificates; and to the issuance and recordation of such certificates. . . The services which the law requires the county superintendent to perform in the respects above mentioned have direct relation to school matters of common concern to all the public schools of the county. . . .

The conclusion is inescapable that the Legislature has made the basis of determining a county superintendent's salary the number of scholastics residing in the county. We think this is a fair and reasonable basis of determination, even though some of such scholastic residents are in a county line school district under the control of another county.

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It is therefore our opinion and you are advised that those school children residing in a county line school district of a county should be considered in determining the salary of the county superintendent of the county of their residence.

Yours very truly

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

By

James D. Smillen Assistant

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APPROVED
OPINION
COMMITTEE
BY
CHAIRMAN

APPROVELAUG 26, 1941

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS